

Decibell Consulting pty Ltd

Proposed Reconfiguration of a Lot

Aspire 16-66 Wesley Rd, Griffin

REVISED ENVIRONMENTAL NOISE IMPACT REPORT

Prepared for

Fairmont Group

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

This report is submitted in response to a request by Land Surveying Dynamics and Green Haven Projects, on behalf of the Fairmont Group for a revised environmental noise impact assessment of a proposed reconfiguration of a number of Lots located at 16-66 Wesley Rd, Griffin. This revised acoustic report seeks to remodel traffic and rail noise impacts on the site taking into account the actual heights of the "as constructed" noise barrier on site. The "as constructed" barrier differs slightly in height from the original proposed barrier on the site. The report is also reflective of some changes in pad levels of proposed lots on site.

On-site noise logging and attended noise measurement were conducted, and through modelling, predictions of noise impacts from the development on the neighbouring residences have been undertaken. Based upon these predicted levels, recommendations regarding acoustic treatments and management practices have been specified.

1.1 The Proposal

The proposal is to reconfigure a number of existing lots at 16-66 Wesley Rd, to form 635 new lots. It is intended that the project will be developed over a number of stages.

The proposed development will be located immediately adjacent to Bruce Highway. However no direct vehicular access to the development will be provided off the highway. Access to the development will be provided via a road to Wesley Rd which is located to the south of the development. The Bruce Highway is a large state controlled road carrying significant traffic volumes. As such it is likely to generate traffic noise levels that will impact on the proposed development. In this report the impact of traffic noise from the Bruce Highway on the proposed development will be considered.

Moreton Bay Rail Link runs along the northern edge of the proposed development. This rail line runs between Kippa Ring and Brisbane City and is part of the Brisbane City Train Network. The rail noise impacts from this line on the development will also be considered in this report.

For further details of the development layout refer to appendix for site and building plans.

2.0 EQUIPMENT

2.1 Existing Ambient Noise Assessment

The following equipment was used to record existing ambient noise levels at the site:

- Bruel & Kjaer 4231 Calibrator;
- Rion NL 21 Environmental Noise Logger.

3.0 MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

3.1 Traffic Noise Measurement

Two noise loggers were located on site and used to conduct measurements. The first logger was positioned along the western boundary of the site adjacent to the Bruce Highway. This location was chosen as it afforded a clear view of the Bruce Highway and would best quantify traffic noise levels at the site. While the second logger was located along the northern boundary of the site adjacent to the rail reserve in order to quantify train noise. As both loggers was located clear of any building on site measurements recorded by the loggers can be regarded as free field. The locations of the loggers are marked on aerial photograph below.



Figure 1: Logger Measurement Location

Both loggers were set to record noise statistics in 15 minute blocks continually over 48 hours in consecutive periods from Tuesday 11/07/17 to Thursday 13/07/17. The statistical interval was chosen to allow application of AS/NZS 2107:2000 'Acoustics – Recommended Design Sound Level and Reverberation Times for Building Interiors'.

Ambient noise level measurements were conducted generally in accordance with Australian Standard AS1055 1997 "Acoustics – Description & Measurement of Environmental Noise".

The operation of the sound level measuring equipment was field calibrated before and after the measurement session and was found to be within 0.1 dB of the reference signal. All instrumentation used in this assessment hold current calibration certificate from a certified NATA calibration laboratory.

Weather conditions during the survey were fine, with light winds and temperatures ranging from 11° C to 23° C over the measurement period.

4.0 NOISE CRITERIA

4.1 Road Traffic Noise

As the proposed development is adjacent to the Bruce Highway which is a state controlled road reference must be be made to the *State Development Assessment Provisions – State Code 1 –Development in a State-controlled road environment.* The *State Development Assessment Provisions – State Code 1 – Development in a State-controlled road environment* seeks to ensure:

. ".the community is protected from significant adverse impacts resulting from environmental emissions generated by vehicles using **state-controlled roads**."

The Criteria for assessment for road noise from the *State Development Assessment Provisions – State Code 1 –Development in a State-controlled road environment* is contained in Table 1.1.1. The portion of the table relation to road noise has been reproduced below.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes
Noise	
Accommodation Activities	
PO23 Development involving an accommodation activity or land for a future accommodation activity minimizes noise intrusion from a state-controlled road or type 1 multi-modal corridor in habitable rooms.	AO23.1 A noise barrier or earth mound is provided which is designed, sited and constructed: 1. to meet the following external noise criteria at all facades of the building envelope: a. ≤60 dB(A) L10 (18 hour) façade corrected (measured L90 (8 hour) free field between 10pm and 6am ≤40 dB(A)) b. ≤63 dB(A) L10 (18 hour) façade corrected (measured L90 (8 hour) free field between 10pm and 6am >40 dB(A)) 2. in accordance with chapter 7 integrated noise barrier design of the Transport Noise Management Code of Practice: Volume 1 (Road Traffic Noise), Department of Transport and Main Roads, 2013. Habitable rooms of relevant residential buildings located within a transport noise corridor must comply with the Queensland Development Code MP4.4 Buildings in a transport noise corridor, Queensland Government, 2015. Transport noise corridors are mapped on the State Planning Policy interactive mapping system.
PO24 Development involving an accommodation activity or land for a future accommodation activity minimizes noise intrusion from a state-controlled road or type 1 multi-modal corridor in outdoor spaces for passive recreation	AO24.1 A noise barrier or earth mound is provided which is designed, sited and constructed: 1. to meet the following external noise criteria in outdoor spaces for passive recreation: a. ≤57 dB(A) L₁0 (18 hour) free field (measured L90 (18 hour) free field between 6am and 12 midnight ≤45 dB(A)) b. ≤60 dB(A) L₁0 (18 hour) free field (measured L90 (18 hour) free field between 6am and 12 midnight >45 dB(A)) 2. in accordance with chapter 7 integrated noise barrier design of the Transport Noise Management Code of Practice - Volume 1 Road Traffic Noise, Department of Transport and Main Roads, 2013.

Table 1.1.1: Building Work and Material Change of Use

In order to achieve the Internal Noise Criteria in AO 1.1 the methods described MP 4.4 – Building in a Transport Noise Corridor from the Queensland Development Code shall be used to determine the required acoustic treatment for the building. Using the methods set out in MP 4.4 the applicable noise category for a particular part of the building is determined from Table 1 of Schedule 3 of MP 4.4 – Building in a Transport Noise Corridor from the Queensland Development Code and relates to the measured or predicted noise level 1m from the façade of the proposed or existing building. This table has been reproduced below and details noise levels relating to the various Noise Category Levels:

Noise Category

Level of Transport noise

*($L_{A10,18hr}$) for Statecontrolled roads and
designated local
government roads

Category 4 \geq 73 dB(A)

Category 3 68 - 72 dB(A)

Table 1 - Noise Category Levels

63 – 67 dB(A) 58 – 62 dB(A)

< 57 dB(A)

Category 2

Category 1
Category 0

Under the Code, once the relevant Noise Category has been determined for a particular building or level of a particular building a specific minimum Rw rating for each building component must be achieved from Schedule 1 of the code in order to meet the requirements of *Acceptable Solution A1*. Schedule 1 of the Code has been reproduced in the Appendix of this report.

^{*} Measured at 1m from the façade of the proposed or existing building

4.2 Rail Traffic Noise

The proposed development is adjacent of the Redcliffe Peninsula Rail Line. The *State Development Assessment Provisions – State Code 2 –Development in a railway environment* requires that community be protected from the:

.."significant adverse impacts on health, wellbeing and quality of life resulting from environmental emissions (noise and vibration) generated by existing and future state transport operations and infrastructure."

The Criteria for assessment for railway noise from the *State Development Assessment Provisions – State Code 2 –Development in a railway environment* is contained in Table 2.2.2. The portion of the table relation to railway noise has been reproduced below:

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes
Noise	
Accommodation Activities	
PO24 Development involving: 1. an accommodation activity; or 2. land for a future accommodation activity minimizes noise intrusion from a railway or type 2 multi-modal corridor in habitable room	AO24.1 A noise barrier or earth mound is provided which is designed, sited and constructed: 1.to meet the following external noise criteria at all facades of the building envelope: a. ≤65 dB(A) Leq (24 hour) façade corrected b. ≤87 dB(A) (single event maximum sound pressure level) façade corrected 2. in accordance with the Civil Engineering Technical Requirement - CIVIL-SR-014 Design of noise barriers adjacent to railways, Queensland
	Rail, 2011. Habitable rooms of relevant residential buildings located within a transport noise corridor must comply with the Queensland Development Code MP4.4 Buildings in a transport noise corridor, Queensland Government, 2015. Transport noise corridors are mapped on the State Planning Policy interactive mapping system.
PO25 Development involving an accommodation activity minimizes noise intrusion from a railway or type 2 multimodal corridor in outdoor spaces for passive recreation.	AO25.1 A noise barrier or earth mound is provided which is designed, sited and constructed: 1. to meet the following external noise criteria in outdoor spaces for passive recreation: a. ≤62 dB(A) Leq (24 hour) free field b. ≤84 dB(A) (single event maximum sound pressure level) free field 2. in accordance with the Civil Engineering Technical Requirement - CIVIL-SR-014 Design of noise barriers adjacent to railways, Queensland Rail, 2011.

Table 2.2.2: Building Work and Material Change of Use

In order to achieve the Internal Noise Criteria in AO 2.3 the methods described MP 4.4 – Building in a Transport Noise Corridor from the Queensland Development Code shall be used to determine the required acoustic treatment for the building. Using the methods set out in MP 4.4 the applicable noise category for a particular part of the building is determined from Table 1 of Schedule 3 of MP 4.4 – Building in a Transport Noise Corridor from the Queensland Development Code and relates to the measured or predicted noise level 1m from the façade of the proposed or existing building. This table has been reproduced below and details noise levels relating to both rail and the appropriate Noise Category Level:

Table 1 - Noise Category Levels

Noise Category	Single event maximum noise* (L _{max}) for railway land
Category 4	≥ 85 dB(A)
Category 3	80 – 84 dB(A)
Category 2	75 – 79 dB(A)
Category 1	70 – 74 dB(A)
Category 0	≤ 69 dB(A)

^{*} Measured at 1m from the façade of the proposed or existing building

Under the Code once the relevant Noise Category has been determined for a particular building or level of a particular building a specific minimum Rw rating for each building component must be achieved from Schedule 1 of the code in order to meet the requirements of *Acceptable Solution A1*. Schedule 1 of the Code has been reproduced in Section 6.1 Traffic noise of this report.

5.0 RESULTS & CALCULATIONS

5.1 Road Traffic Noise

5.1.1 Measured Levels Logger Survey

The table below presents measured road traffic noise levels measured over the two day period at the logger measurement location. The logger's location was away from any building that may have influenced measurements. Measurements therefore can be regarded as free field and as not including the ± 2.5 dB façade reflection. The L_{10,18hr} noise level was measured as approximately 75 dB(A). Graphical presentation of the logger measured noise levels are presented in the appendix to this report.

Descriptor	Time Period	Measured Level dB(A)
L _{A10,18hr}	6:00 am to 12:00 pm	75
L _{A90,8hr}	10:00 pm to 6:00 am	59
L _{A90,18hr}	6.00 am to 12.00 pm	68

Table 2: Measured road traffic noise levels at proposed site.

5.1.2 Existing and Future Traffic Flows

The existing traffic flows for the Bruce Highway were obtained from Department of Transport and Main Roads traffic counts. Predicted traffic flows for the year 2028 are based on an annual growth rate of 1.5 % p.a.. Existing and predicted traffic volumes are presented below:

Existing Traffic Flows

Bruce Highway: 117810 vehicles per 18 hour, 9.8 % HV

Predicted Traffic Flows (Year 2028):

Bruce Highway: 138780 vehicles per 18 hour, 9.8 % HV

5.1.3 Modelled Noise Levels – Existing Situation

Road traffic noise predictions were conducted using PEN 3D 2000, a CoRTN based model produced by Ask Software Engineers, and deemed acceptable under the Environmental Protection (Noise) Policy. To verify the road traffic noise prediction model, the $L_{A10,18hr}$ traffic noise levels were calculated and compared to the measured noise levels. The following assumptions were made in the verification of the noise model:

- The road surfaces were assumed to be dense graded asphalt;
- The source line of traffic noise on both road is 0.5m above the road surface;
- The traffic speeds along the Bruce Highway are 100 km/hr as signed;

A print out of the calculations performed by the model is included in the appendix to this report. The results are compared to the measured value in the table below.

Predicted	Measured
L A10,18hr	L A10,18hr
74.9	75

Table 3: A Comparison of Predicted and Measured Traffic Noise Levels at the Logger Location

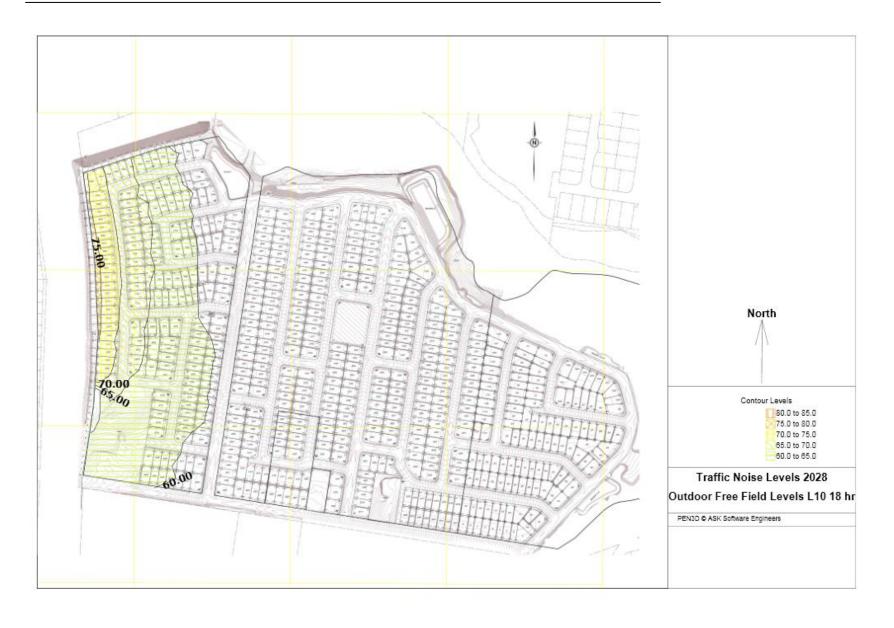
This is within the allowable 2 dB variation under the CoRTN methodology

5.1.4 Modelled Noise Levels - Year 2028

If the validity of the model is now accepted, the predicted increased traffic flows for the year 2028 can be input into the PEN 3D 2000 model to predict the ultimate traffic noise impacts. The predicted ultimate traffic noise level $L_{A10,18hr}$, in the year 2028 at the measurement location is 76.9 dB(A).

In order to best present the results of modelling the PEN 3D 2000 model will firstly be used to map the 60 dB(A) L_{10,18hr} free field noise contour. This relates to the outdoor noise criteria from the *State Development Assessment Provisions – State Code 1 –Development in a State-controlled road environment.* It should be noted that the mapped contour levels are free field and do not include the +2.5 dB correction. Two contour maps have been produced the first one shows the whole development, while the second one focuses just on the affected section of the development adjacent to the Bruce Highway.

The noise contour maps produced by modelling are included in the next few pages of this report.





5.2 Rail Traffic Noise

5.2.1 Measured Train By Pass Levels

A logger was set to record train by pass levels at the rear of the site. The logger first recorded train noise levels over a 24 hour period. The total noise level for this period is recorded in the table below.

Descriptor	Time Period	Measured Level dB(A)
L _{Aeq, 24hr}	-	57

Table 4: Measured train noise levels at proposed site.

Individual train bypass noise levels were also recorded at the site. The Redcliffe Rail Line is used for regular electric passenger services and does not carry diesel freight trains. Maximum levels associated with fifteen loudest train bypasses are presented in the table below.

Noise Source	Time	Direction of Travel	Measured bypass Level dB(A) L _{Amax}
Electric Passenger Train	3.56 am	City	80.6
Electric Passenger Train	4.57 am	City	80.7
Electric Passenger Train	5.38 am	Redcliffe	82.2
Electric Passenger Train	6.20 am	City	79.2
Electric Passenger Train	6.32 am	City	80.0
Electric Passenger Train	6.38 am	Redcliffe	80.0
Electric Passenger Train	7.03 am	City	82.2
Electric Passenger Train	7.20 am	City	80.2
Electric Passenger Train	7.30 am	City	81.8
Electric Passenger Train	7.51 am	City	79.5
Electric Passenger Train	8.09 am	City	80.5
Electric Passenger Train	10.25 am	City	81.1
Electric Passenger Train	5.44 pm	Redcliffe	80.6
Electric Passenger Train	6.22 pm	Redcliffe	80.3
Electric Passenger Train	7.55 pm	Redcliffe	80.9
Single Event Maximum Sound Pressure Level			81

Table 5: Measured maximum noise levels from train bypass.

5.2.2 Modelled Train Noise Levels - Existing Situation

Rail noise predictions were conducted using PEN 3D 2000, a software model produced by Ask Software Engineers. To verify Rail noise prediction model, the L_{Amax} rail noise levels were calculated and compared to the measured noise levels for each track. The following assumptions were made in the verification of the noise model:

- Tracks are assumed to jointed and not continuously welded;
- The source line for electric passenger trains is assumed to be 0.5 m above track level (as Advised by QR);
- Source train L max levels are as supplied by Queensland rail and are included in the appendix to this report;
- The train speeds are assumed be 80 km/hr for all trains:

A print out of the calculations performed by the model is included in the appendix to this report. The results are compared to the measured value in the table below.

Train Type	Predicted*	Measured*
	L A,Max	L A,Max
Diesel Train	80.9	81

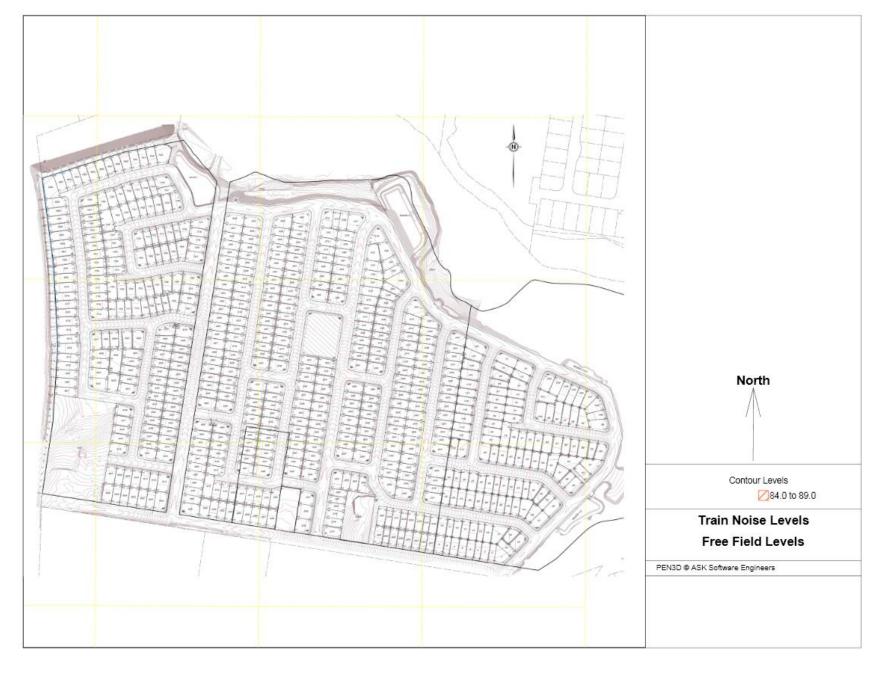
Table 6: A Comparison of Predicted and Measured Traffic Noise Levels at the Logger Location *Levels Recorded in the Table are Free Field

From the table above it can be seen that all predictions by the software model are within +/- 2 dB(A) of the measured levels. This is an acceptable level accuracy allowing for the nature of field measurements.

5.2.2 Modelled Train Noise Levels

In order to best present the results of modelling the PEN 3D 2000 model will firstly be used to produce maps of the 84 dB(A) L_{amax} and 62 dB(A) $L_{aeq, 24 \text{ hr}}$ free field noise contours. These criteria relate to the outdoor noise criteria from the *State Development Assessment Provisions – State Code 2 –Development in a railway environment*. It should be noted that the mapped contour levels are free field and do not include the +2.5 dB correction.

The noise contour maps produced by modelling are included in the next few pages of this report.





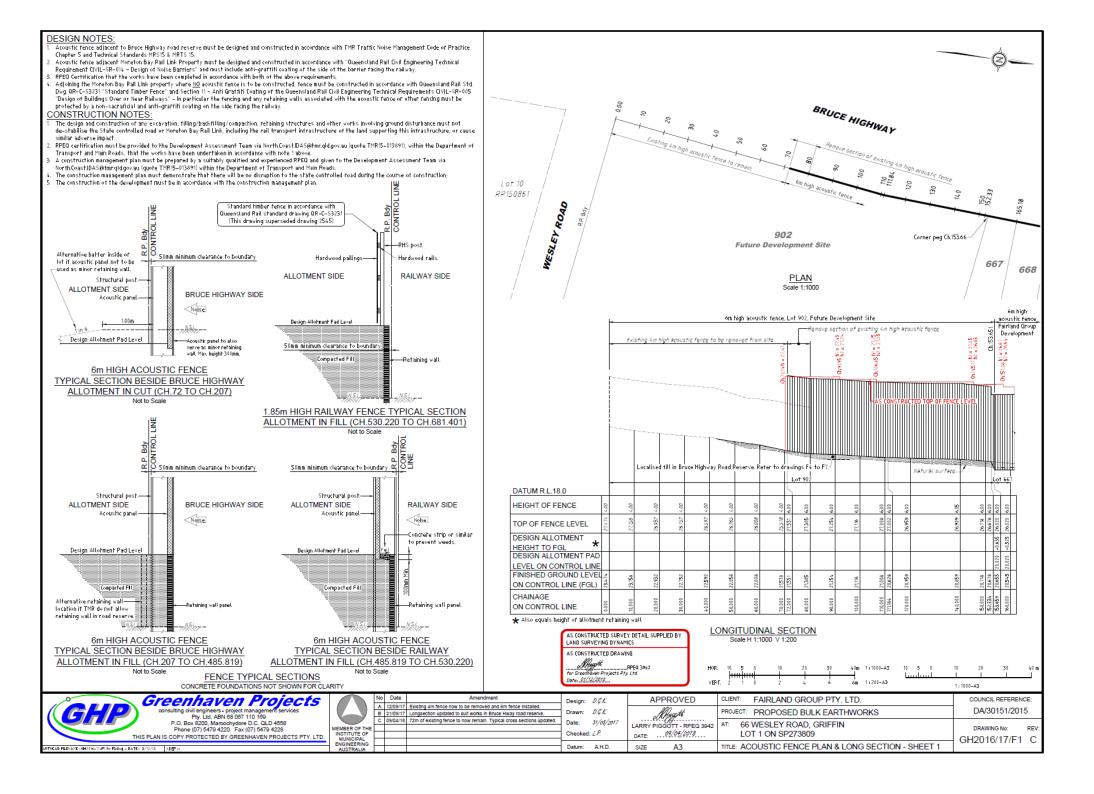
6.0 RECOMMENDED ACOUSTIC TREATMENTS

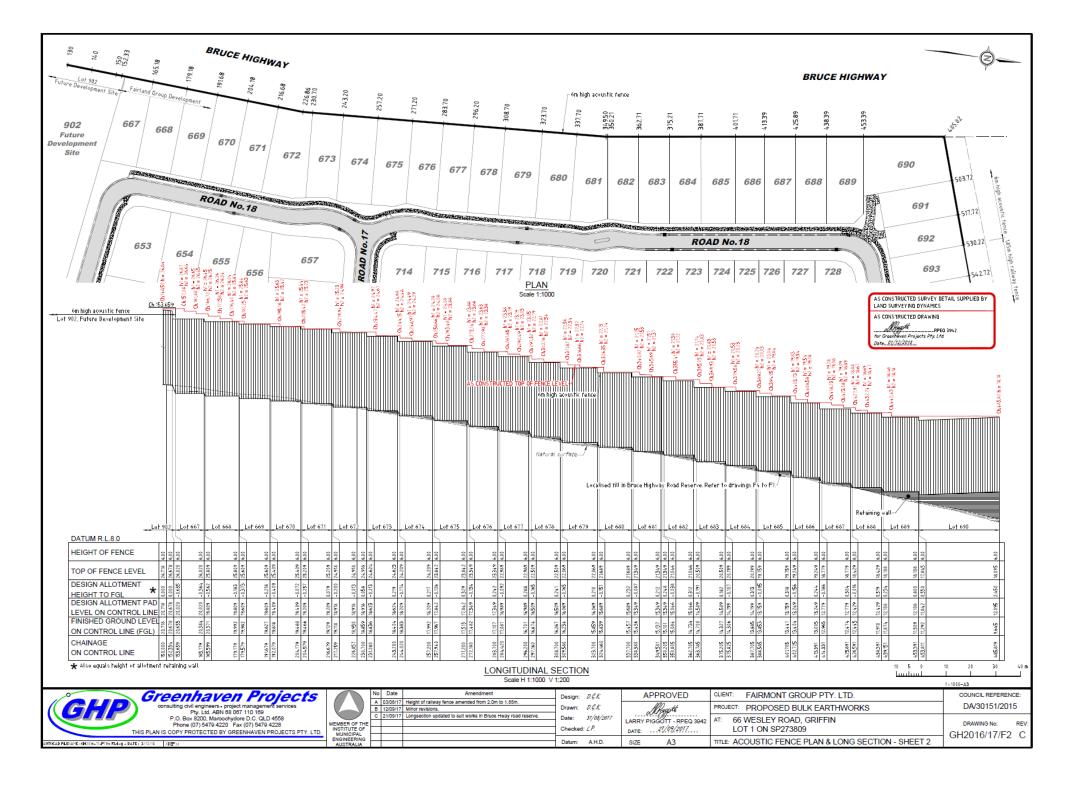
6.1 Traffic Noise

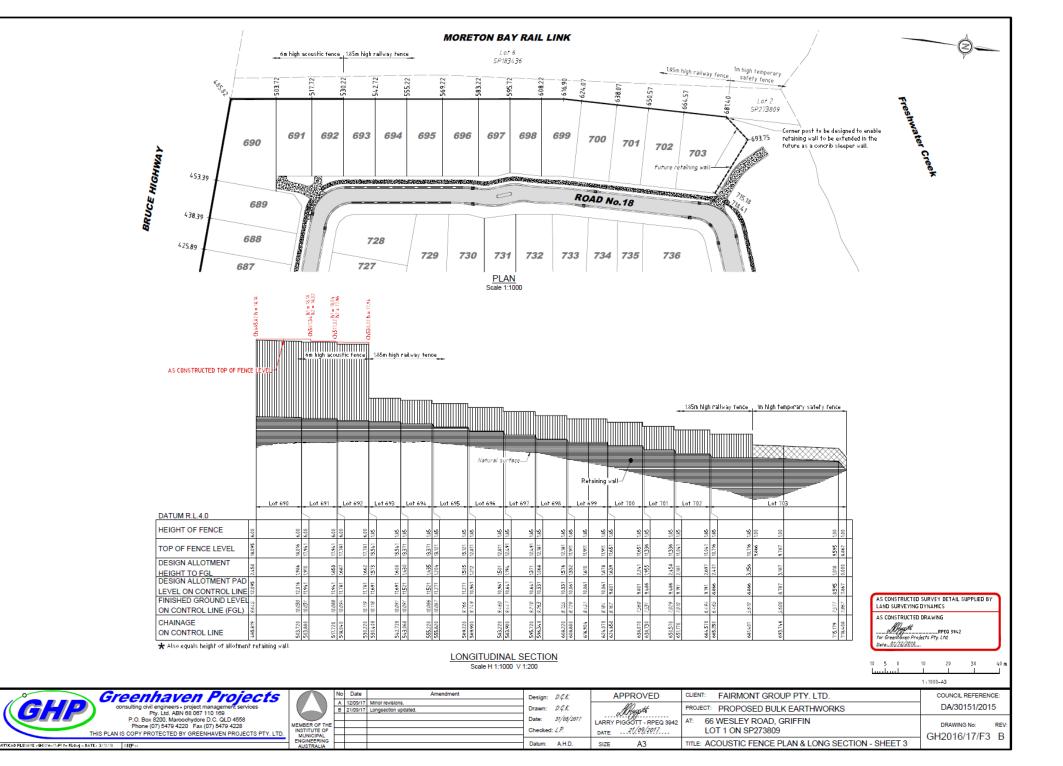
Results of traffic noise modelling are contained in Section 5.1 of this report. The traffic noise contour maps have been produced showing the effect of traffic noise on the site. These traffic noise contour maps detail levels against the criteria for outdoor recreation space from *State Development Assessment Provisions – State Code 1 –Development in a State-controlled road environment.* Examining this mapping it can been seen that traffic noise levels over a large portion of the site will exceed the criteria level for outdoor recreation space from Code. In order to mitigate traffic noise levels it is proposed that a noise barrier be constructed along the western boundary of the site with the Bruce Highway and joined to the existing 4m high barrier that runs partially along the proposed Lot 902. Details of this barrier which has now been constructed on site is shown over the next three pages. Drawings GH2016/17/F1 Rev C, GH2016/17/F2 Rev C and GH2016/17/F1 Rev B produced by Greenhaven Projects, detail the height and location of the barrier. The red profile shows the "as constructed" heights of barrier.

The traffic noise contour maps produced in Section 5.1 have been remodeled allowing for the mitigation provided by the proposed barrier. It can been seen that following the inclusion of the noise barrier, outdoor traffic noise levels will be successfully mitigated to below the required outdoor criteria noise level from *State Development Assessment Provisions – Module 1 Community Amenity – 1.1 Managing noise and vibration impacts from transport corridors state code* on all lots other than a small portion of Lot 902. Given that Lot 902 is a large lot we believe that even though a portion of the lot will experience traffic noise levels above the criteria level there is more than sufficient outdoor recreation space at below the criteria level included in the lot.

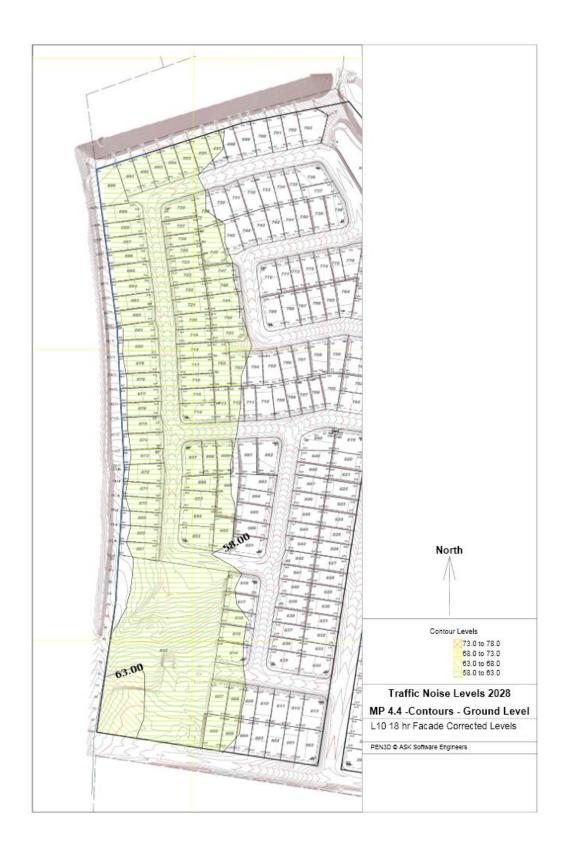
Following the noise contour maps detailing the traffic noise in the outdoor areas of the development two traffic noise contour maps related to *Noise Categories* from the *MP 4.4 – Building in a Transport Noise Corridor* from the Queensland Development Code have been produced. Contour mapping relating to the *Noise Categories* from the *MP 4.4* have been mapped at ground and upper storey level. In order to ensure required acoustic treatments to satisfy the appropriate *Noise Category* from the *MP 4.4 – Building in a Transport Noise Corridor* from the Queensland Development Code are included in any future dwellings constructed on site it is recommended that the development be conditioned such that any new dwellings constructed on lots be constructed to include the appropriate acoustic building treatments to satisfy *Noise Categories* of the *MP 4.4 – Building in a Transport Noise Corridor* from the Queensland Development Code. In Section 6.3 of this report recommend *Noise Categories* classification from *MP 4.4* based on traffic noise levels will be combined with the results for train noise modelling to classify the construction for future dwellings on each of the Lots within the proposed development.









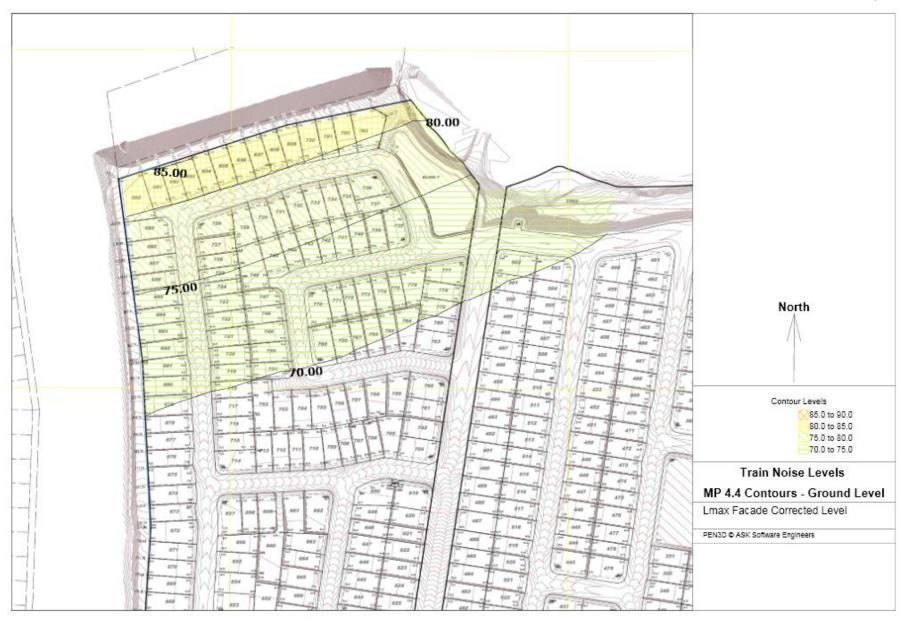




6.2 Train Noise

Results of train noise modelling are contained in Section 5.2 of this report. Train noise contour maps produced in this section relate to the criteria for outdoor recreation space for train noise from *State Development Assessment Provisions – State Code 2 –Development in a railway environment.* Examining this mapping it can been seen that train noise levels **do not** exceed the criteria level for outdoor recreation space from *State Development Assessment Provisions – State Code 2 –Development in a railway environment.* Hence no measures are required to mitigate train noise impacts in the outdoor recreation areas of the development.

In Section 6.1 a noise barrier was proposed to mitigate traffic noise levels at the site. This barrier will be slightly return along the northern boundary of the site. Although the barrier is solely proposed to mitigate traffic noise levels at the site it will also act to reduce train noise levels at the site. The two train noise contour maps relating to the *Noise Categories* from the *MP 4.4 – Building in a Transport Noise Corridor* from the Queensland Development Code on the following two pages. These train noise contour maps also take into account the effect of the traffic noise barrier. Contour mapping relating to the *Noise Categories* from the *MP 4.4* have been mapped at ground and upper storey level. In order to ensure required acoustic treatments to satisfy the appropriate *Noise Category* from the *MP 4.4 – Building in a Transport Noise Corridor* from the Queensland Development Code are included in any future dwellings constructed on site it is recommended that the development be conditioned such that any new dwellings constructed on lots be constructed to include the appropriate acoustic building treatments to satisfy *Noise Categories* of the *MP 4.4 – Building in a Transport Noise Corridor* from the Queensland Development Code. In Section 6.3 of this report the recommended *Noise Categories* classification from *MP 4.4* based on traffic noise levels will be combined with the results for train noise modelling to classify the construction for future dwellings on each of the Lots within the proposed development.





6.3 Noise Categories MP 4.4 – Building in a Transport Noise Corridor

Using the noise contour mapping produced in Sections 6.1 and 6.2 relating to traffic and train noise classification against the *Noise Categories* from the *MP 4.4 – Building in a Transport Noise Corridor* from the Queensland Development Code the classification for the construction of future dwelling on the site has been determined at ground and upper storey level. These classifications are detailed in Table 4 over the page. It is recommended that the approval of the development be conditioned such that future dwelling constructed on the site are constructed to meet the appropriate classification in relation to the *Noise Categories* from the *MP 4.4 – Building in a Transport Noise Corridor* determined in this table.

Lot No.	Noise Category QDC MP 4.4 Level	
	Ground Level	Upper Level
1 to 122 (Inclusive)	0	0
201 to 500 (Inclusive)	0	0
501	1 1	
502	1	1
503	1	1
504 to 525	0	0

Table 4: Classification of Building Construction in Relation to the Noise Categories From MP 4.4

Lot No.	Noise Category QDC MP 4.4 Level	
	Ground Level	Upper Level
601	0	0
602	0	0
603	0	1
604	1	1
605	1	1
606	1	1
607	1	1
608	1	1
609	1	1
610	0	1
611	0	1
612	0	0
613	0	0
614	1	1
615	1	1
616	1	1
617	1	1
618	1	1
619	0	0
620	0	0
621	0	0
622	0	0
623	0	0
624	0	0
625	0	0
626	0	0
627	0	0
628	0	0
629	0	0
630	0	0
631	0	0
632	0	0

Table 4 continued: Classification of Building Construction in Relation to the Noise Categories From MP 4.4

Lot No.	Noise Category QDC MP 4.4 Level	
	Ground Level	Upper Level
633	0	0
634	0	0
635	0	1
636	0	1
637	0	1
638	0	1
639	0	1
640	0	1
641	0	1
642	0	1
643	0	0
644	0	0
645	0	0
646	0	0
647	0	0
648	0	0
649	0	0
650	0	0
651	0	1
652	1	1
653	1	1
654	1	1
655	1	1
656	1	1
657	1	1
658	1	1
659	1	1
660	1	1
661	1	1
662	0 1	
663	1	1
664	1	1

Table 4 continued: Classification of Building Construction in Relation to the Noise Categories from MP 4.4

Lot No.	Noise Category QDC MP 4.4 Level	
	Ground Level	Upper Level
665	0	1
666	0	1
667	1	2
668	1	2
669	1	2
670	1	2
671	1	2
672	1	2
673	1	2
674	1	2
675	1	2
676	1	2
677	1	2
678	1	2
679	1	2
680	1	2
681	1	2
682	1	2
683	1	2
684	1	2
685	1	2
686	2	2
687	2	2
688	2	2
689	2	2
690	3	3
691	3	3
692	3	3
693	3	3
694	3	3

Table 4 continued: Classification of Building Construction in Relation to the Noise Categories from MP 4.4

Lot No.	QDC	Category MP 4.4 evel
	Ground Level	Upper Level
695	3	3
696	3	3
697	3	3
698	3	3
699	3	3
700	3	3
701	3	3
702	3	3
703	3	3
704	0	0
705	0	0
706	0	0
707	0	0
708	0	0
709	0	1
710	1	1
711	1	1
712	1	1
713	1	1
714	1	1
715	1	1
716	1	1
717	1	1
718	1	1
719	1	1
720	1	1
721	1	1
722	1	1
723	1	1
724	1	1

Table 4 continued: Classification of Building Construction in Relation to the Noise Categories from MP 4.4

Lot No.	Noise Category QDC MP 4.4 Level	
	Ground Level	Upper Level
725	2	2
726	2	2
727	2	2
728	2	2
729	2	2
730	2	2
731	2	2
732	2	2
733	2	2
734	2	2
735	2	2
736	2	2
737	2	2
738	1	2
739	1	2
740	1	2
741	1	2
742	1	2
743	1	2
744	1	2
745	1	2
746	1	2
747	1	1
748	1	1
749	1	1
750	1	1
751	1	1
752	1	1
753	1	1
754	1	1

Table 4 continued: Classification of Building Construction in Relation to the Noise Categories from MP 4.4

Lot No.	Noise Category QDC MP 4.4 Level	
	Ground Level	Upper Level
755	1	1
756	0	1
757	0	0
758	0	0
759	0	0
760	0	0
761	0	0
762	0	0
763	0	0
764	1	1
765	1	1
766	1	1
767	1	1
768	1	1
769	1	1
770	1	1
771	1	1
772	1	1
773	1	1
774	1	1
775	1	1
776	1	1
777	1	1
778	1	1
779	1	1
780	0	0
902	2	3
903	0	0

Table 4 continued: Classification of Building Construction in Relation to the Noise Categories from MP 4.4

7.0 DISCUSSION & CONCLUSIONS

As the proposed development is located adjacent to the Bruce Highway an assessment of traffic noise impacts on the site against the criteria levels from the *State Development Assessment Provisions – State Code 1 –Development in a State-controlled road environment* and *MP 4.4 – Building in a Transport Noise Corridor* from the Queensland Development Code was undertaken in this report. Traffic noise levels in outdoor areas of the development were firstly assessed against the criteria levels for outdoor areas contained in the *State Development Assessment Provisions – State Code 1 –Development in a State-controlled road environment.* This assessment determined that the traffic noise levels in outdoor areas over a large portion of the site would exceed the criteria levels. In order to mitigate traffic noise in the outdoor areas of the site an acoustic barrier has been constructed along the boundary of the site with the Bruce Highway and joined to the existing 4m high barrier that runs partially along the proposed Lot 902 and then returned along the northern boundaries of Lots 690, 691 and 692. Details of this barrier which has now been constructed on site is shown on Drawings GH2016/17/F1 Rev C, GH2016/17/F2 Rev C and GH2016/17/F1 Rev B produced by Greenhaven Projects, included Section 6.1 of this report. The red profile shows the "as constructed" heights of barrier. Further modelling conducted in this report determined this barrier would successfully mitigate traffic noise in outdoor areas throughout the site.

The Moreton Bay Rail Link has been constructed along the Northern boundary of the development. Train noise impacts from the line were considered in this report. Rail noise impacts on the site were assessed against the criteria levels from the *State Development Assessment Provisions – State Code 2 – Development in a railway environment.* Modelling conducted of future rail noise impacts determined that rail noise impacts would not exceed the criteria for outdoor recreation space from *State Development Assessment Provisions – State Code 2 – Development in a railway environment.* Hence no barriers or other acoustic treatments have been recommended to mitigate rail noise impacts in these areas.

Rail and Traffic noise impacts were also modelled against the *Noise Category* levels from *MP 4.4 – Building in a Transport Noise Corridor* from the Queensland Development Code. This modelling was presented in Sections 6.1 and 6.2 of the report in the form of noise contour mapping. Based on these noise contour maps, the future construction of dwellings on each of the lot, at both ground and upper level were classified into one of the *Noise Category* levels from *MP 4.4 – Building in a Transport Noise Corridor* from the Queensland Development Code. It is recommended that the approval of the development be conditioned such that the constructions of future dwellings on each of the Lots achieve the requirements of the relevant *Noise Category* levels from *MP 4.4 – Building in a Transport Noise Corridor* from the Queensland Development Code into which the Lot has been classified.

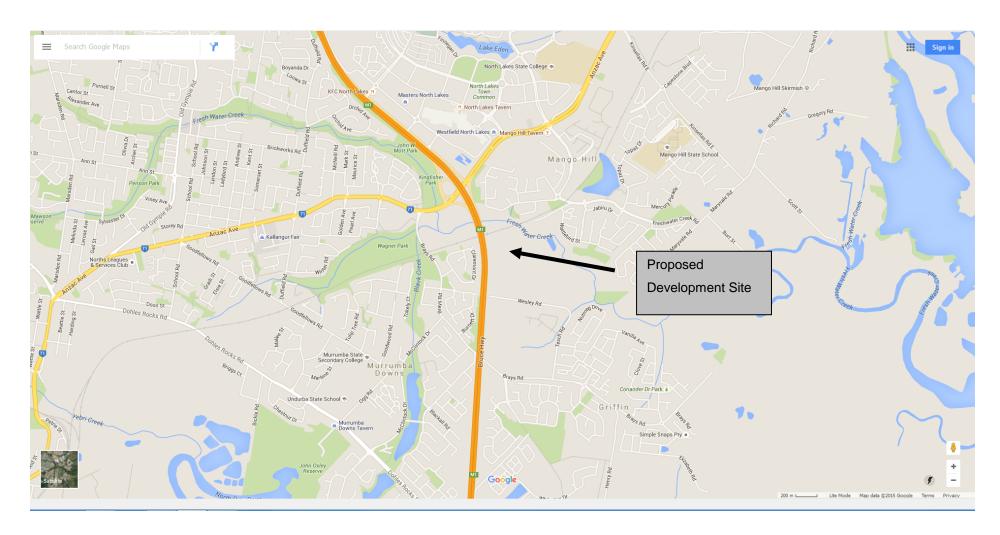
Subject to our calculations, the inclusion of the proposed Noise barrier detailed in Drawings GH2016/17/F1 Rev C, GH2016/17/F2 Rev C and GH2016/17/F1 Rev B produced by Greenhaven Projects and conditions relating to construction of future dwellings on the site, Decibell Consulting believe that development will comply with the requirements of the State Development Assessment Provisions – State Code 1 – Development in a State-controlled road environment, State Development Assessment Provisions – State Code 2 – Development in a railway environment, MP 4.4 – Building in a Transport Noise Corridor from the Queensland Development Code and the Moreton Bay Regional Planning Scheme and should be approved.

Report Compiled by:

John Cristaudo BE Decibell Consulting

APPENDIX

Sketch No.1 -Location of Proposed Development Site



Sketch No.2 -Aerial Photograph of the Proposed Development Site



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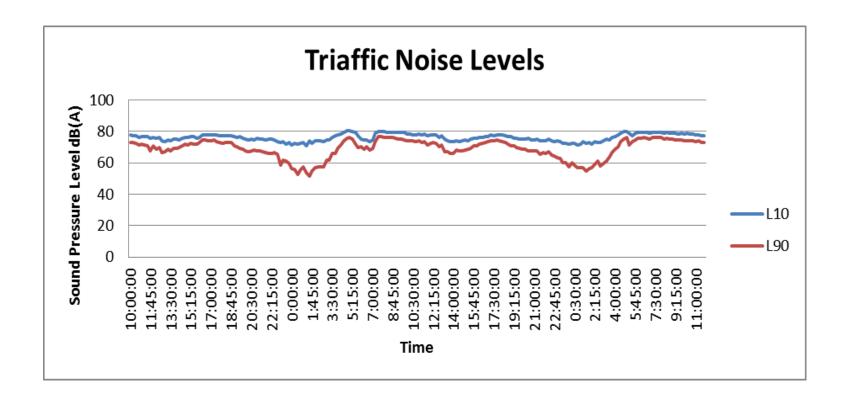
Schedule 1

Noise category	Minimum transport noise reduction (dB (A)) required for habitable rooms	Component of building's external envelope	Minimum R _w required for each component
Category 4	40	Glazing	43
		External walls	52
		Roof	45
		Floors	51
		Entry doors	35
Category 3	35	Glazing	38 (where total area of glazing for a <i>habitable room</i> is greater than 1.8m²)
			35 (where total area of glazing for a <i>habitable room</i> is less than or equal to 1.8m²)
		External walls	47
		Roof	41
		Floors	45
		Entry doors	33

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Noise category	Minimum transport noise reduction (dB (A)) required for habitable rooms	Component of building's external envelope	Minimum R _w required for each component		
Category 2	30	Glazing	35 (where total area of glazing for a <i>habitable room</i> is greater than 1.8m²)		
			32 (where total area of glazing for a <i>habitable room</i> is less than or equal to 1.8m²)		
		External walls	41		
		Roof	38		
		Floors	45		
		Entry doors	33		
Category 1	25	Glazing	27 (where total area of glazing for a <i>habitable room</i> is greater than 1.8m²)		
			24 (where total area of glazing for a <i>habitable room</i> is less than or equal to 1.8m²)		
		External walls	35		
		Roof	35		
		Entry Doors	28		
Category 0	No additional acoustic treatment required – standard building assessment provisions apply.				

TRAFFIC NOISE MODELLING



POINT CALCULATIONS

Pen3D2000 V1.9.8

Project Code:Pen Project Description:PEN noise model File:C:\dB consulting\Noise Jobs\66 Wesley Rd Griffin\66 Wesley Rd Griffin traffic.PEN File Description: Logger 2015

Tuesday 06 Oct, 2015 at 17:06:14

	1 40044) 00 001, 2010 41 11100111				
CoRT	N Calculations				
	All road segments included. Segmentation angle: 10degrees	. Road elevations a	pply.		
	Receptor	X Posn	Y Posn	Height	L10(18hour)
		(m)	(m)	(m)	(dB(A))
	logger	177.4	593.6	1.5	74.9

POINT CALCULATIONS

Pen3D2000 V1.9.8

Project :Pen Demo
Project Description: PEN noise model
File:C:\dB consulting\Noise Jobs\66 Wesley Rd Griffin\66 Wesley Rd Griffin traffic.PEN
File Description: Logger 2028

Monday 17 Dec, 2018 at 16:15:17

CoRTN Calculations

All road segments included.	Segmentation angle: 10degrees.	Road elevations ap	pply.		
Receptor		X Posn	Y Posn	Height	L10(18hour)
		(m)	(m)	(m)	(dB(A))
logger		183.3	485.4	1.5	76.9

TRAIN NOISE MODELLING

POINT CALCULATIONS

Pen3D2000 V1.9.8

Project Code:Pen
Project Description: PEN noise model
File:C:\dB consulting\Noise Jobs\66 Wesley Rd Griffin\66 Wesley Rd Griffin.PEN
File Description: Logger

Monday 24 Jul, 2017 at 11:57:18

Environmental Calculations (Railway - Moving Line Source)

All railway (moving line) sources included. Line source segmentation angle: 10 degrees. Calculations for specified meteorology. Noise level results include the maximum of all the noise sources Meteorology:

Wind speed 0.0 (m/s) Wind direction 0 Mast height 10.0 (m)
Temperature 20.0 (C) Temperature Gradient 0.0 (C/100m) Humidity 50.0 (%)
Surface Roughness of terrain 0.023000000 (m) Zero plane offset 0.080000000 (m)

Receptor X Posn Y Posn Height Ground Noise Level (m) (m) (m) (m) (dB(A))341.4 705.2 ì.ś 80.9 logger

